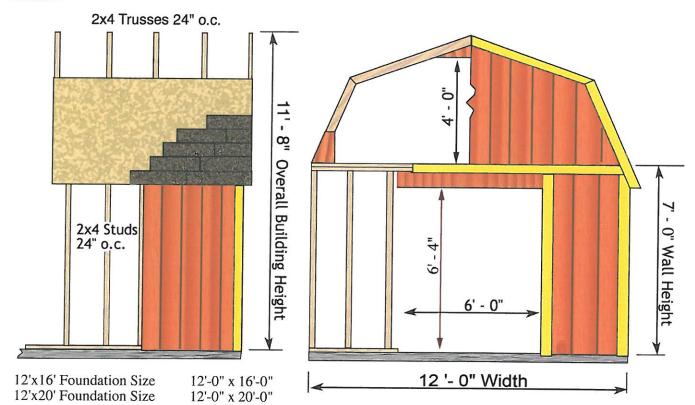


Before you order our kit or begin construction, obtain a building permit. If additional documents are required contact Richard@barnkits.com.

MILLCREEK ELEVATION



Foundation: By owner

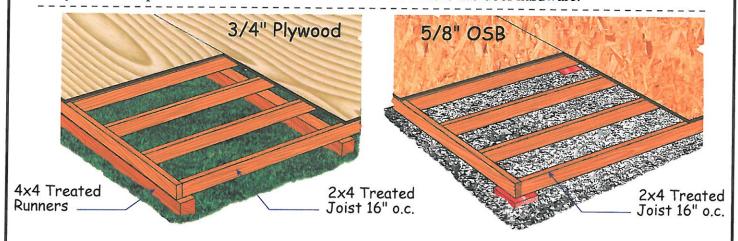
Wall Framing: Constructed from 2x4 precut wall studs spaced 24" o.c. Bottom plate, top and tie plate included.

Siding: Louisianna-Pacific 'Smart Panel' primed 8" o.c. groove with 50 year warranty, 5 year labor replacement

Roof System: 2x4 trusses spaced 24" on center, (45 psf ground snow load, 120 mph wind load). 7/16" OSB roof sheathing. *Shingles by owner*.

Exterior Trim: White pine trim for corners, door and gable trim.

Hardware: Nails for all framing, metal hangers for trusses and door hardware.



Deluxe Floor: 4x4 treated runners can be installed directly on the grass. The runners elevate the floor providing air flow under the floor eliminating moisture. 8' and 10' wide floors have three runners, 12' wide floor have four. The floor covering is 3/4" plywood.

Standard Floor: This floor system is best installed over an existing foundation, cement slab, blacktop or gravel base. Bricks or patio stones can be used to level the 2x4 frame. The floor covering is 5/8" OSB (oriented strand board).

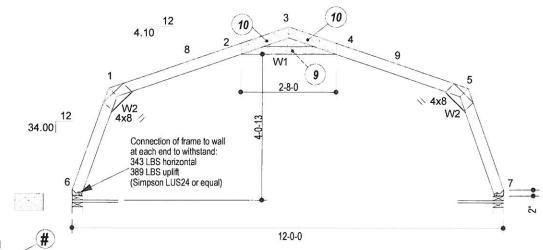
Job Truss Type Qty 10-0084 12FTGAMB 12GAMB-24ocs **ROOF TRUSS** 1

EZup Sheds - Sentry Building

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Koehlinger Engineering, Bolivar, OH 44612, (KDH)



7/16" oriented strand board (OSB) attached to both faces of the truss using size specified.

Quantity of 6d nails (.113 x 2") to be staggered into EACH FACE of the truss member indicated. Pre-drill wood members to prevent splitting

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y):	[1:0-0-0,0-0-1], [3:0-2	2-0,Edge], [5:0-0-0,0-	0-1]							
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defi	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plates Increase	1.15	TC	0.96	Vert(LL)	-0.24	1-2	>579	360	MT20	197/144
TCDL	12.0	Lumber Increase	1.15	BC	0.00	Vert(TL)	-0.34	4	>409	240		
BCLL	0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.34	Horz(TL)	0.00		n/a	n/a		
BCDL 2.0 Code IRC2006/TPI2002		212002	(Matrix)							Weight: 23 lb	î	

BRACING

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SPF No.2

2 X 3 SPF Stud **WEBS**

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=583/0-3-8, 7=583/0-3-8

Max Horz 6=343(LC 1), 7=-343(LC 1) Max Uplift6=-389(LC 7), 7=-389(LC 8)

FORCES (Ib) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-6=-655/533, 1-8=-482/514, 2-8=-381/527, 2-3=-905/559, 3-4=-905/559, 4-9=-381/527, 5-9=-482/514,

5-7=-655/533

2-4=-152/566 **WEBS**

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 120mph; TCDL=7.2psf; BCDL=0.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; partially; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=45.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=37.8 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.2
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) The bottom chord dead load shown is sufficient only to cover the truss weight itself and does not allow for any additional load to be added to the bottom chord.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 0 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) 6, 7 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 389 lb uplift at joint 6 and 389 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 9) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2006 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Warning! - Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

The seal on this drawing indicates acceptance of professional engineering responsibility solely for the truss component design shown. The suitability and use of this building design is the responsibility of the building designer - not the truss designer or truss engineer, per ANSI/TPI 1-2002 Section 2.

A copy of this design shall be furnished to the erection contractor. This design is for an individual building component (a truss). It is based on specifications provided by the component manufacturer and performed in accordance with latest edition of TPI 1, IBC/IRC, and NDS design standards. No responsibility is assumed for the accuracy of information provided by the truss designer. The building designer shall review loading and truss configuration to ensure that this design meets or exceeds minimum loading required by applicable local building codes. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI / TPI 1(National Design Standard for Metal Connected Wood Truss Construction) and BCSI 1-03 (Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installation & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses) from the Truss Plate Institute.