HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (ANSI Section 3)

Primary route(s) of exposure: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

Effects of overexposure:
- Inhalation: Irritation of respiratory tract, lungs. Prolonged inhalation may lead to dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, nausea, coughing, pneumoconiosis.
- Skin contact: Irritation of skin.
- Eye contact: Irritation of eyes. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause tearing of eyes, redness of eyes.
- Ingestion: Ingestion may cause mouth and throat irritation, nausea, gastro-intestinal disturbances, abdominal pain.

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Eye, skin, respiratory disorders, lung disorders.

FIRST-AID MEASURES (ANSI Section 4)

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Restore support continued breathing. Get emergency medical attention. Have trained person give oxygen if necessary. Get medical help for any breathing difficulty. Remove to fresh air if inhalation causes eye watering, headaches, dizziness, or other discomfort. Get medical attention if discomfort or irritation persists.

Skin contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If any product remains, gently rub petroleum jelly, vegetable or mineral/baby oil onto skin. Repeated applications may be needed. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. If irritation occurs, consult a physician.

Eye contact: If irritation or other effects persist, obtain medical treatment immediately.

Ingestion: If swallowed, obtain medical treatment immediately.

FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (ANSI Section 5)

Fire extinguishing media: Dry chemical or foam water fog. Carbon dioxide. Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat or fire. Easily ignited if allowed to dry. In closed tanks, water or foam may cause frothing or eruption.

Fire fighting procedures: Water may be used to cool and protect exposed containers. Firefighters should use full protective clothing, eye protection, and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Toxic decomposition or combustion products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, monomer vapors. Vinyl acetate monomer acrylic monomers. Acetaldehyde, oxides of calcium.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (ANSI Section 6)

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Comply with all applicable health and environmental regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Spills may be collected with absorbent materials. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Place collected material in proper container. Spilled material is extremely slippery. Complete personal protective equipment must be used during cleanup. Large spills - shut off leak if safe to do so. Dike and contain spill. Pump to storage or salvage vessels. Use absorbent to pick up excess residue. Keep salvageable material and residue out of sewers and water courses. Small spills - use absorbent to pick up residue and dispose of properly.

HANDLING AND STORAGE (ANSI Section 7)

Handling and storage: Store below 100°F (38°C). Keep from freezing. Other precautions: Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and breathing of vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, especially before eating or smoking. Keep containers tightly closed and upright when not in use.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (ANSI Section 8)

Respiratory protection: Where respiratory protection is required, use only NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators in accordance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134.

Ventilation: Provide dilution ventilation or local exhaust to prevent build-up of vapors.

Personal protective equipment: Eye wash, safety shower, safety glasses or goggles. Impervious gloves, impervious clothing. Replace elastomeric protective equipment whenever it becomes swollen, gummi, torn, or shows evidence of barrier loss. Apply a solvent-resistant skin barrier cream to areas of skin that may come into contact with material. If working out-of-doors, apply sunscreen lotion with a high sun block protection factor to skin exposed to sunlight after applying barrier cream.

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (ANSI Section 10)

Under normal conditions: Stable see section 5 fire fighting measures

Materials to avoid: Oxidizers, acids, ammonium salts. Styrene monomer.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures, contact with oxidizing agent, freezing, sparks, open flame, extremes in temperature.

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (ANSI Section 10)

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (ANSI Section 11)

Supplemental health information: No additional effects are anticipated

Carcinogenicity: Treatment related nasal tumors were observed in rats and mice exposed to vinyl acetate via inhalation at 600 ppm for 2 years. In a lifetime inhalation study, exposure to 250 mg/m3 titanium dioxide resulted in the development of lung tumors in rats. These tumors occurred only at dust levels that overwhelmed the animals’ lung clearance mechanisms and were different from common human lung tumors in both type and location. The relevance of these findings to humans is unknown but questionable. The international agency for research on cancer (IARC) has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2b) based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

Reproductive effects: No reproductive effects are anticipated

Mutagenicity: No mutagenic effects are anticipated

Teratogenicity: No teratogenic effects are anticipated

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (ANSI Section 12)

No ecological testing has been done by akzo nobel paints llc on this product as a whole.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (ANSI Section 13)

Waste disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid discharge to natural waters.

REGULATORY INFORMATION (ANSI Section 15)

As of the date of this MSDS, all of the components in this product are listed (or are otherwise exempt from listing) on the TSCA inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (controlled products regulations) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

The information contained herein is based on data available at the time of preparation of this data sheet which Akzo Nobel Paints believes to be reliable. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data. Akzo Nobel Paints shall not be responsible for the use of this information, or of any product, method or apparatus mentioned and you must make your own determination of its suitability and completeness for your own use, for the protection of the environment, and the health and safety of your employees and the users of this material. Complies with OSHA hazard communication standard 29CFR1910.1200.
### Physical Data
(ANSI Sections 1, 9, and 14)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Wt. / Gal.</th>
<th>VOC gr. / ltr.</th>
<th>% Volatile by Volume</th>
<th>Flash Point</th>
<th>Boiling Range</th>
<th>HMIS</th>
<th>DOT, proper shipping name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GL 6400</td>
<td>glidden interior latex semi-gloss paint white</td>
<td>10.44</td>
<td>47.33</td>
<td>62.02</td>
<td>none</td>
<td>212-501</td>
<td>110</td>
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<tr>
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<td>47.34</td>
<td>62.02</td>
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<td>212-501</td>
<td>110</td>
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<td>GL 6412</td>
<td>glidden interior latex semi-gloss paint base 2</td>
<td>9.75</td>
<td>43.04</td>
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<td>63.97</td>
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<td>212-501</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>paint ** protect from freezing **</td>
</tr>
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### Ingredients
Product Codes with % by Weight (ANSI Section 2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>CAS. No.</th>
<th>GL 6400</th>
<th>GL 6411</th>
<th>GL 6412</th>
<th>GL 6413</th>
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<tr>
<td>limestone</td>
<td>limestone</td>
<td>1317-85-3</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>kaolin clay</td>
<td>clay</td>
<td>1332-58-7</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>20-30</td>
<td>20-30</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol</td>
<td>texanol</td>
<td>25265-77-4</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>water</td>
<td>water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>50-60</td>
<td>50-60</td>
<td>50-60</td>
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<tr>
<td>ammonium salt of polycarboxylic acid</td>
<td>polymeric dispersant solution</td>
<td>Sup. Conf.</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>1-5</td>
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<tr>
<td>vinyl acetate/acrylic copolymer</td>
<td>vinyl acetate/acrylic copolymer</td>
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<td>1-5</td>
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<tr>
<td>acrylic resin</td>
<td>acrylic resin</td>
<td>Sup. Conf.</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>10-20</td>
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### Chemical Hazard Data
(ANSI Sections 2, 8, 11, and 15)

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<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH-TLV</th>
<th>OSHA-PEL</th>
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<th>S2</th>
<th>S3</th>
<th>CC</th>
<th>H</th>
<th>M</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>I</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>n</td>
</tr>
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<td>clay</td>
<td>1332-58-7</td>
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<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>texanol</td>
<td>25265-77-4</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
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<td>polymeric dispersant solution</td>
<td>Sup. Conf.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
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<td>not est.</td>
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<td>n</td>
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<tr>
<td>vinyl acetate/acrylic copolymer</td>
<td>Sup. Conf.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
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<td>not est.</td>
<td>not est.</td>
<td>n</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Footnotes:**

- C=Ceiling - Concentration that should not be exceeded, over and above airborne exposure, may result from skin absorption.
- S=Skin - Additional exposure, not established.
- ppm=parts per million
- mg/m3=milligrams per cubic meter
- n/a=not applicable
- S2=Sara Section 302 EHS
- S3=Sara Section 313 Chemical
- P=Pollutant, S=Severe Pollutant
- N=NTP, I=IARC, O=OSHA, y=yes, n=no
- H=Hazardous Air Pollutant, M=Marine Pollutant
- C=CERCLA Chemical
- Sup Conf=Supplier Confidential

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