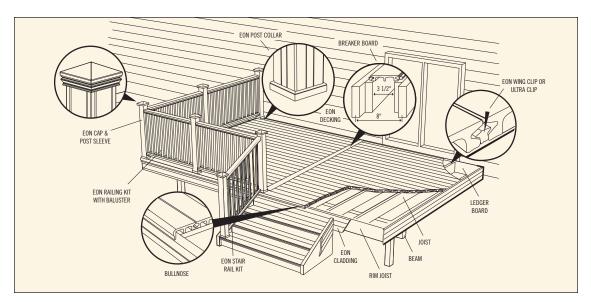


2007 EON® DECKING INSTALLATION MANUAL (ENSURE YOU ARE USING THE CURRENT YEAR)

Welcome to Eon. The following instruction manual will assist you with the installation of your virtually maintenance free deck.



CODES & STANDARDS

- Eon decking is covered under International Code Council ICC #ESR-1300.
- Always conform to your local building codes and the requirements of all authorities having jurisdiction.

SAFETY

• Protective safety equipment is always recommended, e.g., eyewear, safety boots.

TOOLS AND HARDWARE REQUIRED (NOT INCLUDED)

- Standard woodworking tools are recommended for Eon installations:
- Miter saw with coarse blade (24 teeth or less carbide blade recommended) or handsaw
- Measuring tape
- · Drill and drill bits
- Screwdriver (Phillips or square drive)
- Rubber mallet (non-marking)
- #8 deck screws (1- 5/8", 2" and 3")
- · Rotary tool with spiral bit
- Wing-clips (3/16" spacing) or Ultra Clips (1/4" spacing)

SUBSTRUCTURE

- Eon decking and railing is designed to be installed on a conventional wood substructure (pressure treated recommended).
- For enhanced feel and performance, Eon recommends 12" on center joist installation (straight application).
- Eon decking meets or exceeds industry standards for 16" on center joist installation.
- Joists should be installed 10" on center for angled decking.
- Joist covers are recommended to help prolong the life of your sub-structure.
- Lumber joists must be as level as possible before installing Eon decking to prevent friction or noise.
- Rim joist must be raised 7/8" to support any bullnose trim.
- Stair stringers should also be installed 12" on center.
- 4" x 4" wood posts must be used and bolted to the inside of the substructure to support Eon railing system. This is done before you install the deckboard.



ATTENTION!!

STOP READ THIS SECTION BEFORE YOU START! FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE STEPS MAY VOID YOUR WARRANTY

DO read this entire installation guide before beginning installation.

D0 remove the protective plastic and inspect for defects and proper color before installation (once installed color variance will not be covered under warranty).

DO use an Eon board as a breaker board for large decks or when using 20' boards (this will reduce visual effect for expansion contraction) You may want to use this for 12' and 16' boards as well. (REFER TO FIG 22)

DO ensure all joists are level to prevent friction or noise.

DO Toe screw all boards at a 45° angle through the leg of the board in one location only. Boards should be toe screwed either in the center to force equal expansion/contraction to both ends or closer to one end (1/4 of the board length from the end) to force the expansion/contraction to the opposite end. (REFER TO FIG. 6)

DO allow additional installation time when using the bullnose board and for persons installing Eon decking for the first time.

DO Refer to the chart on page 4 of the 2007 Install Guide for proper spacing for expansion and contraction.

D0 Pre-drill slotted holes (sized to accommodate the appropriate expansion/contraction) when installing cladding and bullnose to allow for lateral movement. Failure to pre-drill slotted holes may cause the fascia/bullnose to crack and will not be covered under warranty.

DO Ensure there is enough space between the deckboard and any posts to allow for expansion/contraction. (REFER TO FIG. 4)

DO double the joist thicknesses if two boards butt end-to-end. Each board requires its own clip fastener. DO NOT SHARE CLIPS. (REFER TO FIG. 12)

DO Raise rim joists 7/8" when using the bullnose to support the lip of the board. (REFER TO FIG. 3)

D0 employ caution when using barbecues, fire pits, grills and chimineas on an Eon deck. Never leave an open flame unattended!

DO NOT Use petroleum based products on the boards i.e. solvents, suntan lotion, bug spray, bubble solution, harsh cleaners and rubber backed mats which may discolor the deck.

DO NOT butt 20' boards. If you do butt 20' boards ensure that you follow the installation guide recommendations and use a breaker board. This will avoid dissatisfaction with apparent expansion and contraction when installed incorrectly (Eon can expand up to a 1/2" on a 20' board, if you're butting 2 boards this could be a maximum of 1").

DO NOT share clip fasteners at the joist if butting boards end-to-end.

DO NOT use nails to fasten Eon. Only screws are to be used.

DO NOT use a pressure washer, only a garden hose is required with mild soap if necessary.

DO NOT toe screw at more than one point in the same board.

DO NOT use a board straightening tool to push the boards together during install. This method will result in damaging the clip and possibly result in squeaking or popping in the boards.

DO NOT over-torque the clips, this could result in squeaking and could leave inconsistent spacing.

COLOR VARIATION

 Slight color variations may exist within your purchased set of deck boards. In a similar manner that you would install roof shingles or hardwood flooring, we recommend you randomize any slight color variation that may exist within your deck boards.

Note: Please remove protective plastic and inspect for defects and proper color before installation.

STORAGE & HANDLING

- Eon is the premium decking product on the market and should be treated as such.
- Carefully remove when unloading, do not dump.
- Do not drag decking against abrasive surfaces.
- Store with the face side up.
- Do not use petroleum based products on the boards. i.e. suntanning lotion, bug spray or rubber backed mats.

DIMENSIONS

- If using wing clips: Deck board = 5.5"
- Wing-clip = 0.186" (3/16")
- Deck board and Wing-clip combined = 5.686"
- If using ultra clips: Deck board = 5.5"
- Ultra clips = 0.25"
- Deck board and Ultra clip combined = 5.75"

To calculate how many deck boards you will need: divide the width of your deck (in inches) by 5.686" or 5.75" depending on which clip you are using.

Note: For a simple expansion/contraction calculation please refer to our website calculator at www.eonoutdoor.com

CALCULATING WING-CLIP/ULTRA CLIP REQUIREMENTS

- 12" on center: one bag (100 wing clips) for every 50 SQ.FT. One bucket (200 ultra clips) for every 100 SQ.FT.
- 16" on center: one bag (100 wing clips) for every 66 SQ.FT. One bucket (200 ultra clips) for every 132 SQ.FT.
- 8" on center (for angled decking): one bag
 (100 wing clips) for every 33 SQ.FT. One bucket
 (200 ultra clips) for every 66 SQ.FT.

BOARD WEIGHT

- Deck board 1.15 lbs/ft
- Bullnose board 1.40 lbs/ft

INSTALLATION TIPS FOR EXPANSION/CONTRACTION

Because of the amount of expansion/contraction that occurs on Eon material, you must consider the following points when designing and building your deck:

- Consider including a breaker board in your deck design, especially where longer deck boards may meet end-to-end. The addition of a breaker board would divide this space into two smaller spaces on either side of the breaker board. (REFER TO FIG. 22)
- Leave proper expansion/contraction spaces at the ends of all deck boards and around any cut out notches for posts. (REFER TO CHART ON NEXT PAGE)
- Always toe screw each deck board or bullnose trim in the approximate middle with a single #8 x 2" deck screw. Pre-drill before installing screw. This will fix the deck board to the lumber and allow the deck board to expand equally on either end. (REFER TO FIG. 6)
- 9" Fascia cladding, or bullnose trim must be installed with screws along its entire length, the **pre-drilled holes must be slotted** to accommodate expansion and contraction, especially closer to the ends of the length. Alternatley, cladding can be trimmed into two 6' sections and mitre cut to eliminate the need for slotted holes along the length of the cladding. The amount of contraction from the installation temperature can also be looked up from the expansion/contraction tables on the next page. (**REFER TO FIG. 13**)
- Deck board ends should lie on a full joist width.
 Wherever two deck boards are butted end-to-end, a double joist thickness is required with a separate fastener for each board. (REFER TO FIG. 12)
- Installing Eon decking diagonally may cause variations in gaps along cladding, breaker boards, etc., since longer diagonal deck boards expand and contract more than shorter diagonal deck boards.
- If you wish to stagger the deck board ends to achieve a random-looking pattern of deck boards, double joist thicknesses are required at each end-to-end joint. (REFER TO FIG. 12)

Note: The spaces between the deck board ends and fascia cladding or breaker boards may vary because of the varying deck board lengths.

UNDERSTANDING EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION

Eon deck boards, bullnose trim, and fascia cladding expand in length with rising temperatures and contract or shorten in length with falling temperatures. This expansion and contraction only occurs lengthwise not across the width.

HOW MUCH WILL YOUR EON MATERIAL EXPAND AND CONTRACT?

This depends on the length of the material and the temperature variations in your geographical area. See the chart for typical lengths of 12', 16', and 20'.

Warning: Do not look up the current temperature. You must look up the expected temperature range during the course of the year.

Expansion/Contraction Chart Example:
Temperature at time of installation: 70°F
Maximum Expected Temperature: 110°F (= 40° change)
Length of deck board being used: 20 feet

Looking up the expansion for a 40°F temperature range on a 20' deck board gives an expansion of 3/8" on each end of the deck board. Therefore you must leave a 3/8" gap between the ends of the deck boards and any fixed structure such as a post, breaker board, house structure or fascia cladding. If two 20' deck boards meet end-to-end, then you must leave a gap of twice the size (3/8" x 2 or 3/4" in this example) to allow for expansion of both deck boards.

This chart can also be used to look up the contraction of the deck board to predict the maximum gap that will occur in the coldest temperature in your geographical area.

Note: If you wish to achieve a smaller gap than estimated from the chart then shorter deck board lengths or the installation of a breaker board is recommended. Breaker boards are described on page 7. All deck boards/ bullnose trim must be toe screwed in the middle with a single screw.

Note: The charts include any difference between air temperature and board temperature due to exposure to the sun.

FAHRENHEIT EXPANSION/CONTRACTION CHART

Expected Maximum Rise in Outside Air Temperature (degrees Fahrenheit)	DECK BOARD LENGTH			
	12' DECKBOARDS	16' DECKBOARDS	20' DECKBOARDS	
	Expected Expansion on Deckboard End*	Expected Expansion on Deckboard End*	Expected Expansion on Deckboard End*	
+30°F	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"	
+40°F	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"	
+50°F	1/4"	3/8"	7/16"	
+60°F	5/16"	3/8"	1/2"	
+70°F	5/16"	7/16"	9/16"	
+80°F	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	
+90°F	3/8"	1/2"	11/16"	
+100°F	7/16"	9/16"	11/16"	

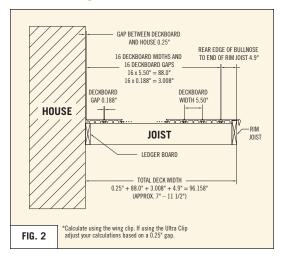
CELSIUS EXPANSION/CONTRACTION CHART

Expected Maximum Rise in Outside Air	DECK BOARD LENGTH			
	12' DECKBOARDS	16' DECKBOARDS	20' DECKBOARDS	
Temperature (degrees Celsius)	Expected Expansion on Deckboard End*	Expected Expansion on Deckboard End*	Expected Expansion on Deckboard End*	
+10°C	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"	
+20°C	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"	
+30°C	5/16"	3/8"	1/2"	
+40°C	5/16"	7/16"	9/16"	
+50°C	3/8"	1/2"	11/16"	

*Notes: For expansion values on or near the shaded region, if deckboards will be butted end-to-end, we recommend using breaker boards in the installation and/or shorter deckboard lengths

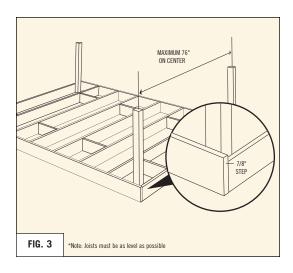
The values shown are the expansions that will occur equally and on BOTH ENDS of a deckboard that is toe screwed with a single deckscrew in the middle of the deckboard length. The expansion on the two ends of a deckboard will be different if the toe screw is not placed in the approximate middle of the deckboard.

BASIC INSTALLATION TECHNIQUES



BUILD SUBSTRUCTURE

- Eon decking and railing should be installed on a conventional wood substructure (pressure treated lumber is recommended). In order to accommodate Eon decking and railings, the lumber substructure should be built with these additional features:
- Joist spacing recommended at 12" on center.
 Warranty also covers 16" O.C.
- Joists must be as level as possible to one another.
- Frequent bracing between joists recommended: approximately every 6'.



- Any rim joists or other joists that will support the bullnose trim piece along its length must be raised up by 7/8" higher. The bullnose trim must rest on this 7/8" step. (REFER TO FIG. 3)
- Bolt the 4" x 4" posts to the inside of the substructure prior to installing the deckboard.
- Stair stringers must also have an additional support lumber raised 7/8" from the stringer step to support the bullnose.
- Use Fig. 2 and the example calculations to estimate your deck width to fit an even number of deck boards. This example shows a calculation for an 8' deck. This calculation should only be used as a guideline to build your deck substructure, as slight variations in installation (and deck board gaps) may cause the predicted measurement to be slightly off the actual installation.
- Deck board width: 5.5"
- Gap between deck boards: 0.188" or 0.25"
- Bullnose width to lumber edge: 4.91"

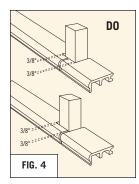
Note: If other features are included in your deck, such as breaker boards, deck boards butting end-to-end, or bullnose trim along all sides of the deck, the lumber substructure will need some minor additions.

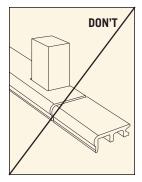
INSTALL BULLNOSE TRIM

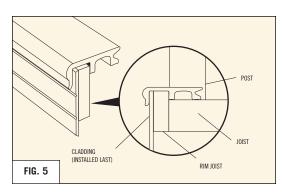
Note: To minimize complications from bullnose contraction, avoid wrapping bullnose around post whenever possible. Plan to locate ends of bullnose trim at the post. (REFER TO FIG. 4)

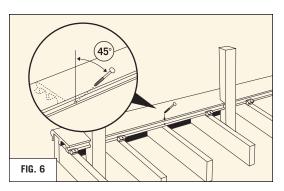
• Cut bullnose trim to required length. Refer to expansion/contraction section to determine the gap required for your particular installation. Cut out notches in the bullnose trim to fit any 4" x 4" posts, leaving a 3/8" gap on both sides of the posts for expansion and contraction. Wherever possible, avoid placing cut out notches near the end of a long bullnose trim piece by placing end-to-end butt joints at the post. (REFER TO FIG. 4)

- Place the bullnose onto the substructure with the middle leg against the inside of the rim joist. (REFER TO FIG. 5)
- Pre-drill a hole through the exposed foot of the bullnose trim at the center point of the board at a 45° angle into the joist. Toe screw the bullnose trim to the joist with a 2" deck screw. Install clip fasteners on all remaining joists with the white line facing away from the bullnose. (REFER TO FIG. 6)





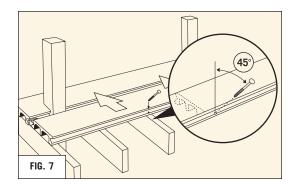




CUTTING AND DRILLING EON

Cutting and drilling Eon is different from cutting wood. Standard woodworking tools are recommended, but in order to avoid melting the plastic during cutting, drilling, etc., we recommend the following as a starting point:

- Table saws, circular saws, and miter saws should be equipped with carbide blades with coarse teeth: 24 teeth or less. Make sure saw comes to full speed before you start cutting. All cuts should be made quickly, rather than slowly. As a rough guideline, a miter saw can cleanly cut through a deck board in less than one second.
- Wax or cooking spray can be used on the blade for a clean cut.
- Jigsaws can be used with Eon, but coarse blades and slower blade speeds are recommended as a starting point. A jigsaw that is equipped with an orbital cutting action may reduce heat buildup that causes melting.
- Drilling should be done at slower RPM speeds to prevent melting. Forstner bits work well for large holes.
- Slotted holes are often required for Eon to allow for expansion and contraction, especially on the fascia cladding or the bullnose trim.
- A rotary tool with a spiral bit is easier and faster at slotting holes than using a drill with a standard drill bit.
- Eon can be filed by hand if required.
 Power sanders (belt or random orbital)
 will melt the material.
- Wood chisels can be used with Eon material.



INSTALL DECK BOARDS

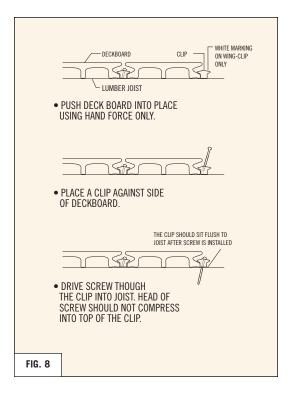
 Cut a deck board to required length and lay the deck board behind the bullnose against the existing row of clip fasteners. Refer to the expansion/contraction section to determine the proper gap required for your installation.

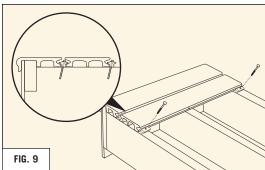
Note: Cut all deck boards at the same temperature to ensure a consistent gap.

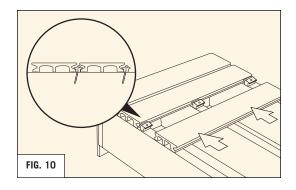
- Attach or toe screw the deck board to the lumber substructure with a single #8 x 2" deck screw in the approximate middle of the board. Pre-drill into the deck board's lower lip at a 45° angle prior to installing screw. (REFER TO FIG. 7)
- Do not use excessive force to push deck board into existing row of clip fasteners. Hand or leg force (or rubber mallet) is recommended. The use of board bending tools or "Bowrench" are not recommended as this may cause too much friction as they can easily apply excessive sideways force on the deck board. (REFER TO FIG. 8)
- Install clip fasteners on all remaining joists. All
 Wing-clips should be installed with the white line
 on the Wing-clips facing away from the deck board.
 Ultra clips are not directional. Installing a clip on
 the toe screwed joist is optional. (REFER TO FIG. 9)
- Repeat as required. (REFER TO FIG. 10)

INSTALL LAST DECK BOARD

- Insert edge of last deck board under remaining row of clips.
- In the event you are unable to fit a final row of clips against your substucture pre-drill and screw deck board into lumber from top surface. Attach the deck board with screws spaced 36" apart. To avoid complications from expansion/contraction slot all holes, except the center hole. (REFER TO FIG. 11)

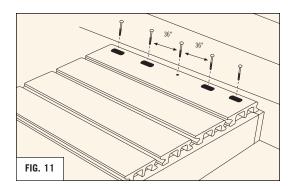


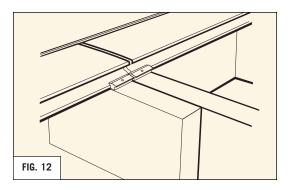




WING CLIP/ULTRA-CLIP INSTALLATION TIPS

- The screw should be tightened only enough to fully seat the clip onto the lumber joist. The head of the screw should not compress into the top of the clip, but should simply hold the clip down onto the lumber joist.
- If using a cordless drill with a clutch, set the clutch to a low torque setting that will not deform the clip upon tightening of the screw. Overtightening the screw may prevent full insertion of the next deckboard, leaving a slightly larger gap between deckboards.
- In certain instances where individual joists are low, leaving a gap between the underside of the deckboard and the joist, we recommend standing on the deckboard to press the deckboard flush against the joist while installing the clip. In extreme cases, shims may be recommended to level the joists before installing the clip.





Note: The final deck board may need to be ripped along its length in order to fit in the remaining space. If the entire leg is removed, install a strip of lumber onto the joist to support the deck board.

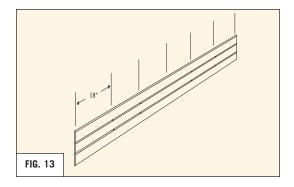
Note: If installing two boards end-to-end, double joists are required and separate clip fasteners are required for each board. (REFER TO FIG. 12)

INSTALL FASCIA CLADDING

- 9" and 12" Fascia cladding can be used to cover the rim joist and the sides of the deck. If bullnose trim is installed, the cladding is inserted under the lip of the bullnose trim. (REFER TO FIG. 5)
- Cut fascia cladding to length, leaving proper gap for expansion and contraction as required.

IF USING 9":

- Pre-drill holes in the two grooves of the fascia cladding, spaced 18" apart. If the cladding is used under the bullnose lip, the holes may be spaced as wide as 36" apart. (REFER TO FIG. 13)
- Using a rotary tool with a spiral bit, enlarge the pre-drilled holes into slots, leaving the two holes in the center of the cladding unslotted. Be sure



to cut generous slot lengths especially near the ends of the cladding to avoid complications from contraction and expansion. Cutting slots of insufficient length may result in complications such as buckling of the cladding or breakage of screws. If necessary, use the expansion/contraction charts to look up the predicted expansion and contraction of your fascia cladding. (REFER TO FIG 14)

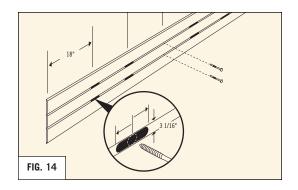
- Install cladding onto deck with #8 deck screws (minimum 1 - 5/8" long). Begin with the unslotted screws in the center of the cladding. Be sure to install the screws in the middle of the slots to allow for expansion and contraction. Do not over tighten screws. The screws should lightly hold the cladding against the lumber and allow free expansion and contraction of the cladding.
- The cladding should contact the underside of the bullnose if installed under the bullnose. If the cladding is installed to cover the ends of the deck boards, then the cladding can be raised to the top surface of the deck boards.
- If two pieces of cladding are installed end-to-end, then a proper expansion gap must be left between the two pieces.
- End can be mitre cut for a cleaner appearance.

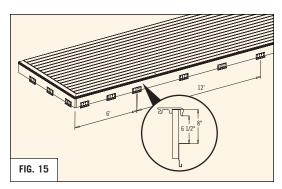
Note: To minimize gaps at the corners of the deck, shorter lengths of cladding (6' or less) are recommended where the cladding will meet at a corner.

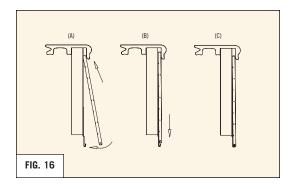
IF USING 12":

• Screw the Cladding Hangers into the rim joist with Deck screws (four #8 X 1-1/2" screws per hanger). The top edge of the hangers should be located 6-1/2" below the lower lip of the bullnose. Use one hanger for every 3-5 feet of cladding length. Install a single hanger wherever two cladding lengths will meet end-to-end so that the hanger is shared by the two cladding lengths. (REFER TO FIG 15)

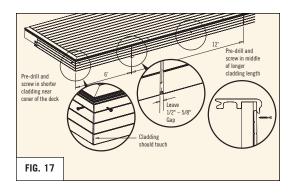
Hint: Create a 6-1/2" long spacer block or draw a chalkline to set the hanger location if installing many hangers.

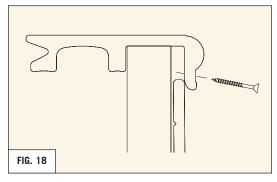


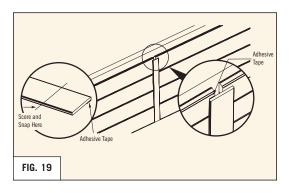




 Insert the square edge of the fascia cladding into the space between the bullnose and the rim joist.
 Swing the lower edge of the fascia cladding towards the rim joist and drop the cladding onto the hanger so that the hook of the hanger fits into the groove on the cladding. (REFER TO FIG 16)







• Pre-drill single 3/16" pilot holes in each length of cladding just under the bullnose lip as shown. The shorter cladding length at the corners of a deck should be predrilled a few inches away from the corner, while the longer cladding lengths in the middle of the deck should be predrilled in the middle of the length. Secure the cladding to the lumber with single 1-1/2" screws. The cladding at the corner of the deck should touch, leaving no gap. Expansion gaps between adjacent lengths of cladding are required as shown. (REFER TO FIG 17)

Note: If the outside temperature is at or near 25°C (80°F) or above, leave a 1/2" gap. If the outside temperature is closer to 0°C (30°F), leave a 5/8" gap.

Note: If an Eon Railing will be installed over the bullnose, this step is NOT required. This step is only required if the bullnose does NOT have an Eon Railing installed above.

- Pre-drill pilot holes every 24" into the lower lip of the bullnose. Using a rotary tool with a spiral bit, enlarge all pre-drilled holes into slots to allow for expansion and contraction, especially near the ends of the bullnose length. Pre-drill the pilot holes at a upwards angle to avoid screwing into the cladding. Drive #8 X 2" Deck screws into the bullnose lip, tightening until the head of the screw contacts the bullnose lip, and before the screw pulls the bullnose lip towards the joist. (REFER TO FIG 18)
- Cut the Cladding Covering Trim to length by scoring the side without tape with a utility blade, and snapping the part over a sharp tabletop edge. The adhesive tape can be cut after snapping the part. Ensure that the surface of the 12" cladding is clean and dry before attaching the Cladding Covering Trim. Remove the adhesive liner from the Covering Trim and affix to the extreme end of one length of the cladding. The tape should attach to the extreme end of ONE cladding length, covering any gap between boards. (REFER TO FIG 19)

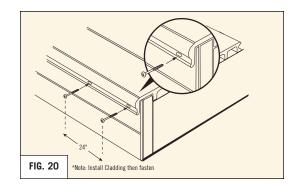
Hint: To ensure good adhesion of the the adhesive tape immediately upon application, we recommend installing Covering Trim in temperatures above 60°F (16°C), The tape will adhere in colder temperatures, but will take longer to achieve full adhesive strength.

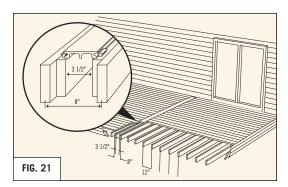
ATTACH BULLNOSE TRIM TO RIM JOIST

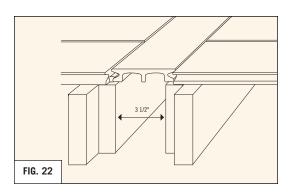
- Pre-drill holes every 24" into the lower lip of the bullnose and through the fascia cladding. Using a rotary tool with a spiral bit, enlarge all pre-drilled holes in the bullnose lip, into slots to allow for expansion and contraction, especially near the ends of the bullnose length. If necessary, use the expansion/contraction charts to look up the predicted expansion and contraction.
- Drive #8 x 2" deck screws into the bullnose lip.
 Tighten screws just until the head of the screw contacts the bullnose lip, and before the screw pulls the bullnose lip towards the joist. (REFER TO FIG. 20)

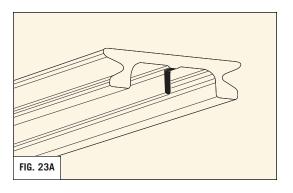
BREAKER BOARD INSTALLATION

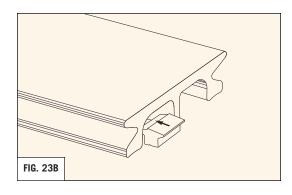
- A breaker board is a single Eon deck board that runs perpendicular to the rest of the decking on both sides of the breaker board. (REFER TO FIG. 21)
- A breaker board is recommended when the expected gap between two deck boards installed end-to-end will be large. This large gap will occur more often in larger decks where long lengths of deck boards butt end-to-end.
- For example, if a 40' long deck uses 20' deck boards that are installed end-to-end, both boards will contract in colder temperatures which may leave a large gap. By installing a breaker board in between these two deck boards, the large gap will be divided into two smaller gaps on both sides of the breaker board.
- Install two double joist thicknesses, spaced 3 1/2" apart, to support the breaker board and the ends of the deck boards.
- Install breaker board first, with clips on both sides. Toe screw the breaker board in the middle with a single screw.
- Install perpendicular decking next. Toe screw each board in the middle with a single screw. To achieve the smallest possible gaps with the breaker board, the center leg on the ends of the perpendicular deck boards can be removed with a handsaw and chisel to slide over the Wing-clip. Remove a maximum of 1" of the center leg from the end of the deck board. (REFER TO FIG. 22 & 23A). As an alternative, the Wing-clip can be trimmed down to fit between the foot and the center leg of the board (this method does not apply to the Ultra clip). (REFER TO FIG. 23B)

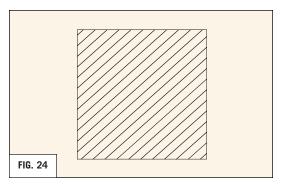


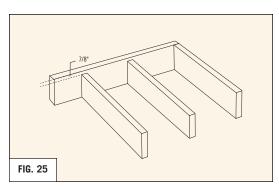


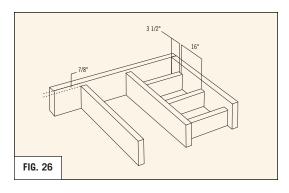










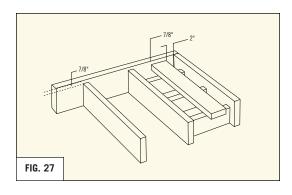


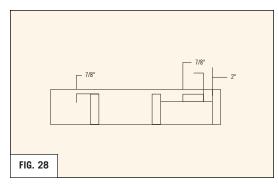
DIAGONAL DECKING

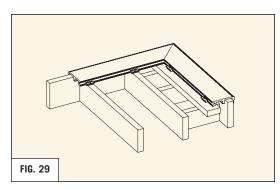
- Eon® meets or exceeds industry standards for 12" on center joist installation for diagonal decking. For enhanced feel and performance, Eon® recommends 8" on center joist installation (diagonal installation).
- Since longer deckboards expand and contract more than shorter deckboards, please note that the gaps between the ends of longer deckboards and the fascia cladding will vary more than the gaps between the ends of shorter deckboards and the cladding.
- In order to install diagonal decking, we recommend installing the longest deckboards first, followed by the shorter deckboards working towards the corners.

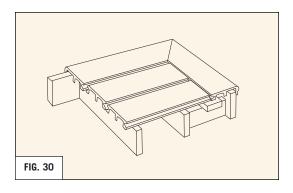
INSTALLING BULLNOSE ON ALL SIDES OF A DECK (PICTURE-FRAMING)

- In order to install trim around the entire perimeter of the deck, additional lumber bracing will be required to support the bullnose that runs perpendicular to the deck boards.
- Raise the rim joist and outer joists by 7/8" to support the bullnose. (REFER TO FIG. 25)
- Add bracing and 2" x 4" lumber to the deck where the bullnose runs parallel to the joists. For dimensions REFER TO FIG. 26, 27, 28. The 2" x 4" must be level with the inner joists, and 7/8" lower than the outer joist.
- Install bullnose trim on rim joist and outer joists first before installing decking. (REFER TO FIG. 29)
- Cut decking to the exact desired length, leaving gaps for expansion/contraction. The ends of the deckboards will rest on the flat 2" x 4". (REFER TO FIG. 30)
- Some ends of the deckboards may interfere with the clips holding the perpendicular bullnose. In order to achieve the smallest gaps possible between the ends of the deckboards and the perpendicular bullnose, install or reposition the clips holding the perpendicular bullnose to meet the middle of the deckboards and cut back the middle leg of the deckboard ends that will meet the clips by about 3/8". Be sure to consider expansion of the deckboard. (REFER TO FIG.23A) Trim only enough of the deckboard center leg to provide adequate clearance for the clip.









INSTALLING STAIRS

- Install stair stringers directly onto the lumber rim joist, and not onto the fascia cladding.
- In addition to the lumber stringers, Eon stairs
 will require an additional support lumber (2" x 6"
 or 2" x 8") on every step height of the stringer.
- Recommended stringer spacing is 12" on center.
- Recommended step length (run): 11 1/4" (which fits one full deck board plus bullnose).
- Consult local building code for recommended step height. Example below shows a 6 5/8" step height, which uses a full 2" x 8" support lumber.

STRINGER CONSTRUCTION

Note: Top step length is reduced from 11 1/4" to 10" to accommodate the thickness of the deck's rim joist. The height of the bottom step is reduced by the deck board thickness (1 1/4") to make the height of the bottom step from ground the same as the step heights on the stairs. Consult local building code for recommended step height.

INSTALL LUMBER STRINGER

Install stringer directly to rim joist of deck and not to the fascia cladding. Attach support lumber (2" x 6" or 2" x 8") to stringers with #8 deck screws. Top edge of the support lumber must extend 7/8" above stringer to support the bullnose. (REFER TO FIG. 31)

INSTALL A CLIP AGAINST LUMBER

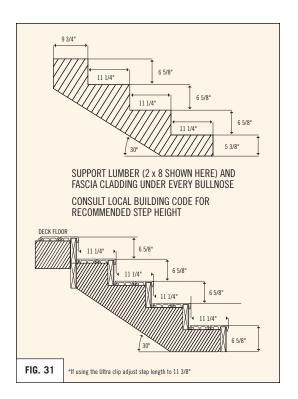
• Install a clip directly against lumber. (REFER TO FIG. 33)

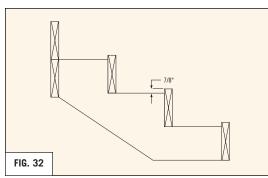
INSTALL DECK BOARD AND SECOND CLIP

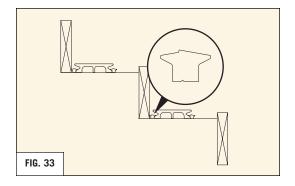
 Push deck board against first row of clips and install next row of clips. Use single #8 x 2" deck screw to toe screw deck board to middle stringer. (REFER TO FIG. 33)

INSTALL FASCIA CLADDING

- Trim the fascia cladding width to extend from top of support lumber to top of Wing-clip. The top edge of the cladding must not extend above the support lumber.
- Pre-drill three holes near the top edge of the cladding as shown. (REFER TO FIG. 34)
- Attach cladding to the support lumber with three #8 x 1 5/8" deck screws along the top edge. These screws will be hidden after the bullnose is installed. Use only 1 5/8" screws or shorter to prevent the screws from coming out the other side of the support lumber and interfering with the bullnose. (REFER TO FIG. 35)





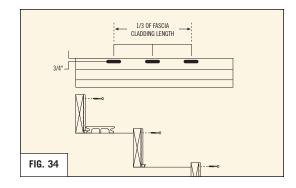


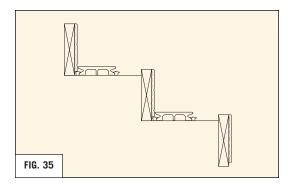
INSTALL BULLNOSE STAIR BOARD

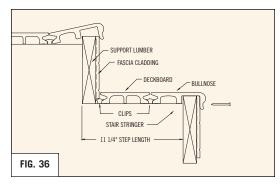
- Cut bullnose to length and fit under last row of clips. Snap bullnose into place over support lumber and fascia cladding. (REFER TO FIG. 36)
- Pre-drill holes every 24" into the lower lip of the bullnose and through the fascia cladding. Slot all holes in the bullnose lip to allow for expansion and contraction. (REFER TO FIG 36)

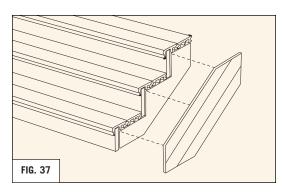
COVERING STAIR TREAD ENDS

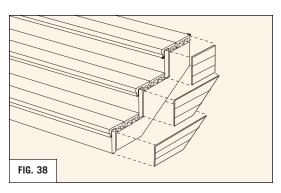
- In some instances, the ends of the stair tread can be covered with Eon fascia cladding to achieve an attractive finished look or to meet building code requirements for stairs.
- A full width of Eon fascia cladding can be attached to the stair stringers to cover the open triangular space created by the step width and height. To achieve the same appearance on both sides of the stringer cladding, two pieces of cladding, placed back-to-back, can be attached to the stringer. Alternatively, a solid lumber stringer can be attached to the stringer, and be covered with the fascia cladding. Trimming an extra width of cladding may be required to achieve full coverage of the stringer width. Slot all holes before attaching with #8 deck screws. (REFER TO FIG. 37)
- Cladding can also be cut into short lengths and installed horizontally or vertically to match the stringer outline. Consult local building codes for allowable spaces under stair railings. (REFER TO FIG. 38)











HOW TO CARE FOR YOUR EON DECK

- Avoid the use of petroleum based products on the boards. i.e. suntanning lotion, bug spray or bubble solution.
- Use only natural fiber mats. Do not use rubber backed mats.
- Regular cleaning can be done by spraying down the deck with a garden hose. Squeegee excess water off afterwards to avoid hard water marks.
- For a more thorough cleaning use a mop and a mild dish detergent to clean the deck. Give the deck a good rinse and squeegee away excess water to avoid soap build up.
- A plastic shovel should be used to remove snow (do not use a metal shovel it may gouge the deck).
- A straw broom can be used to remove a light dusting of snow.
- Fine grain sand and salt can be used to remove ice. As well, ice melt products such as Calcium Chloride can be used.
- Although Eon is harder than a comparable wood surface, it is not indestructible and can be scratched by pets, furniture, rocks, etc. Surface scratches from normal wear and tear will become less noticeable as Eon weathers to a matte finish in the first year. However, minor scratches or abrasions may be repaired by gently rubbing the affected area with fine steel wool or extremely fine grit (600) sandpaper, then buffing with a clean cloth.
- Heavier scratches may be filled using a common furniture scratch repair pencil available at most home building centers in a color that closely matches your Eon cladding. Examples include products like "Paint Pal Putty Pencil" and Minwax®- Blend-Fil® Pencil. Severe scratches or abrasions may be treated with color-matched water-based outdoor wood stain. Please practice these techniques on an Eon sample piece before attempting repairs to your finished product!

Note: The above are registered trademarks and/or copyrighted products. CPI is not endorsing or recommending these products. CPI is only making reference to products that we know are readily available to the consumer.

EON DECKING 25 YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

COVERING YOUR PURCHASE OF EON®

CPI Plastics Group Ltd ('CPI') warrants its Eon® Decking, Railing and Fencing products to be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of twenty-five (25) years from the date that the original consumer purchases the product from an authorized CPI vendor. Specifically, CPI warrants to the original purchaser of Eon® that the product, when purchased and installed i) as a residential system with railings or ii) as residential decking or as fencing and as any recognized outdoor living product or iii) for other similar residential applications as identified in the CPI point of sale material provided by the vendor, that such product is: a) rot and water resistant, b) free from damage by fungal decay or termites, c) free from checking, splintering or splitting and d) free from defects in material and workmanship for the period beginning on the date that the Eon® Product is purchased and continuing for twenty-five (25) years as long as the original purchaser owns the property on which the Eon® product is used for one of the purposes described above

EXTENDED WARRANTY COVERING YOUR PURCHASE OF EON® HITRA DECKING

CPI warrants to the original purchaser of Eon® Ultra Decking that it shall be free from defects in material and workmanship and from the defects listed under its 25 Year Limited Warranty for an additional period of five (5) years, (making the warranty period thirty (30) years), provided such Decking is used for residential purposes.

WARRANTY COVERING YOUR PURCHASE OF EON® ULTRA DECKING FOR COMMERCIAL USAGE

CPI provides a ten (10) year limited warranty if its Eon® Ultra Decking product is used for commercial purposes. For the purpose of this warranty "commercial" shall refer to an application intended for unrestricted public access (involving no fee), restricted public access (involving fee based admission or members) or a non-residential commercial enterprise.

CPI warrants to the original commercial purchaser for a period of ten (10) years from the date that the commercial consumer purchases the product from an authorized CPI vendor, that the Eon® Ultra Decking shall be free from defects in material and workmanship and from the defects listed under its 25 Year Limited Warranty.

WARRANTY PROCESS

CPI will replace, at its own expense, any Eon® product that is defective, provided it has been used for one of the above named applications. To be eligible for this warranty, the original purchaser must send to CPI at 151 Courtney Park Drive West, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada, L5W 1Y5, the original invoice or proof of purchase of the product and the defective product or proof that the product is defective within 30 days from when the original purchaser became aware of the defect. CPI will assume the cost of delivering the replacement material to the purchaser if found to be defective but will not assume the cost of installation or re-installation.

WARRANTY LIMITATIONS

This Limited Warranty sets forth CPI's only warranty obligation with respect to its Eon® products and specifically stands in the place of all other warranties, oral or written or express or implied.

The warranty shall not cover and CPI shall not be responsible for costs and expenses incurred with respect to the removal of defective Eon® products or the installation of replacement materials including, but not limited to, labour and freight.

CPI makes no warranty concerning the merchantability of its product or as to the fitness of the product for a particular use that may be provided by the Uniform Commercial Code or any other comparable state or provincial statute other than the warranty described herein.in the certificate. CPI shall not be liable for incidental, special, consequential or other similar damages arising from the breach of this warranty. In particular, the liability of CPI, if any, and the purchaser's sole remedy for damages for any claim of any kind whatsoever, regardless of legal theory and whether arising in tort or contract, shall not be greater than the actual purchase price of the product with respect to which such claim was made.

This Warranty shall not apply to defects that occur through normal wear and tear or through the weathering of the product. This warranty does not cover products that have not been paid for in full, problems caused by improper storage, handling, installation, finishing, use, modification, or maintenance; acts of God; accidents, products subjected to conditions outside their design limitations; minor Further, the Warranty will not apply to mistreatment or negligence in the use of the product. CPI shall not be responsible for defects to the products, which occur through improper storage or handling of the product prior to installation. CPI shall not be responsible for defects to the product caused by improper installation or modification if such installation or modification came about because the installer failed to follow the instructions found in the point of sale material provided to the dealer by CPI.

imperfections that do not affect the product's structural integrity, minor variations in color, normal wear or discoloration of finish; problems caused by mechanical damage or abrasion; damage caused by acid rain, salt spray, or other corrosive elements; problems caused by high humidity (condensation and frost) or variations in wood grain.

Some states or provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages so that the limitation or exclusion referring to these in this warranty may not apply. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state and from province to province.

This warranty shall only be applicable and enforceable in Canada and in the United States of America.



SIGN: SPUTNIK DESIGN PARTNERS INC. PRINTED IN CA